**Global Travel Restrictions during COVID-19 Outbreak**

**I.** **Entry Restrictions and** **Compulsory Quarantine for Persons Arriving in Hong Kong**

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| **Inbound control arrangements under Compulsory Quarantine of Persons Arriving at Hong Kong from Foreign Places Regulation (Cap. 599E)** |
| From August 12, 2022, **inbound persons from overseas places or Taiwan** will be subject to quarantine under the “3+4” model, i.e. they will be subject to compulsory quarantine in DQHs for three days, followed by medical surveillance at home for four days, with multiple tests during medical surveillance and the monitoring period thereafter. They will be subject to Amber Code restrictions under the Vaccine Pass during medical surveillance period, and are not allowed to enter high-risk premises involving mask-off or group activities, as well as other premises requiring key protection, for more targeted management and control of infection risks. More details can be found here: <https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202208/08/P2022080800803.htm> |
| **All places outside China** |
| Persons applicable: | **Hong Kong residents** and **non-Hong Kong residents** who have stayed in any place outside China during the relevant period (the day of boarding for/arrival at Hong Kong or during the 14 days before that day) and who –Have been **fully vaccinated** and hold recognised vaccination record |
| Boarding requirement: | (a) Recognised vaccination record;(b) Negative result proof of a PCR-based nucleic acid test for COVID-19 conducted within 48 hours prior to scheduled time of departure and with samples collected by a laboratory or healthcare institution (proof of the 48-hour pre-departure nucleic acid test); and(c) Confirmation of room reservation for **7 nights** (if opting for early discharge from compulsory quarantine upon fulfilment of relevant conditions) or 14 nights (if not opting for early discharge from compulsory quarantine) starting on the day of arrival at Hong Kong in a designated quarantine hotel (DQH) |
| Quarantine requirement: | (a) Basic requirement is to undergo compulsory quarantine for 14 days in a DQH;(b) Undergo daily rapid antigen tests (RATs) during compulsory quarantine and PCR-based nucleic acid tests on the 3rd, 5th and 12th days; andIf opting for **early discharge** from compulsory quarantine upon fulfilment of relevant conditions:- Can be discharged earlier from quarantine and must leave the DQH if **fully vaccinated** and/or being accompanied children under 12, and the results of the PCR test conducted on the 5th day and the RATs conducted on the 6th and 7th days are all negative;- Self-monitoring for the subsequent 7 days;- Undergo compulsory PCR-based nucleic acid testing on the 9th and 12th days of arrival at Hong Kong in a Community Testing Centre (CTC) or mobile specimen collection stations (for free), or at recognised local medical testing institutions (self-paid)If **not opting for early discharge** from compulsory quarantine:- Can leave the DQH upon confirmation of negative results from the PCR-based nucleic acid test conducted on the 12th day and the RAT conducted on the 14th day |
| **Mainland and Macao**  |
| From August 12, 2022, for persons not arriving from the Mainland or Macao under the “Return2hk” or “Come2hk” Schemes, their compulsory quarantine period at home will be correspondingly adjusted to three nights, followed by four nights of self-monitoring on the third day of arrival at Hong Kong. During the self-monitoring period, they are required to take their body temperature twice daily and undergo compulsory nucleic acid test as required, and Amber Code restrictions under the Vaccine Pass are not applicable. More details can be found here: <https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202208/08/P2022080800803.htm> |
| Persons applicable: | **Hong Kong residents** and **non-Hong Kong residents** who have only stayed in the Mainland or Macao (excluding those under the “Return2hk” or “Come2hk” Scheme) during the day of boarding for arrival in Hong Kong or during the 14 days before that day and who – |
| have **not been fully vaccinated** | have been **fully vaccinated** |
| Boarding requirement: | (If i. arriving via airport and ii. having stayed in Mainland (outside Guangdong Province) or Macao on the day of boarding for/arrival at Hong Kong or during the 14 days before that day) Negative result proof of a PCR-based nucleic acid test with specimen collected within the 3 days prior to, or on the day of the scheduled day of arrival at HK) | (a) (If i. arriving via airport and ii. having stayed in Mainland (outside Guangdong Province) or Macao on the day of boarding for/arrival at Hong Kong or during the 14 days before that day) Negative result proof of a PCR-based nucleic acid test with specimen collected within the 3 days prior to, or on the day of the scheduled day of arrival at HK(b) Vaccination record |
| Quarantine requirement: | (a) Undergo compulsory quarantine for **14 days** at designated places (home, hotel# or other accommodation);(b) Undergo 2 tests during compulsory quarantine on the 5th and 12th days of their arrival in Hong Kong in a CTC or mobile specimen collection stations (for free), or at recognised local medical testing institutions (self-paid)# DQH is not applicable for persons who have stayed in Mainland China or Macao only. Please choose other hotels for quarantine. | (a) Undergo compulsory quarantine for **7 days** at designated places (home, hotel# or other accommodation);(b) Undergo 1 test during compulsory quarantine on the 5th day of arrival at Hong Kong;(c) Self-monitoring in the subsequent 7 days; and (d) Undergo compulsory testing on the 12th day of arrival in Hong Kong in a CTC or mobile specimen collection stations (for free), or at recognised local medical testing institutions (self-paid)# DQH is not applicable for persons who have stayed in Mainland China or Macao only. Please choose other hotels for quarantine. |
| Note:For persons who have been to at-risk place(s) in Mainland China that are temporarily inapplicable (<https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/at_risk_places_temporarily_inapplicable_underreturn2hk.pdf>) in the past 14 days, shortening of compulsory quarantine period for fully vaccinated persons will not be applicable. |
| **Taiwan**  |
| Persons applicable: | **Hong Kong residents** and **non-Hong Kong residents** who have stayed in Taiwan on the day of boarding for/arrival in Hong Kong or during the 14 days before that day (excluding those who have stayed in any place outside China) – |
| have **not been fully vaccinated** | have been **fully vaccinated** |
| Boarding requirement: | (a) Negative result proof of a PCR-based nucleic acid test for COVID-19 conducted within 48 hours before the scheduled time of departure of the aircraft and with samples collected by a laboratory or healthcare institution (proof of the 48-hour pre-departure nucleic acid test); and(b) Confirmation of room reservation in a DQH for not less than **14 nights** | (a) Negative result proof of a PCR-based nucleic acid test for COVID-19 within 48 hours before the scheduled time of departure of the aircraft and with samples collected by a laboratory or healthcare institution (proof of the 48-hour pre-departure nucleic acid test);(b) Confirmation of room reservation for **7 nights** **(if opting for early discharge** **from compulsory quarantine upon fulfilment of relevant conditions)** or 14 nights (if not opting for early discharge from compulsory quarantine) starting on the day of arrival at Hong Kong in a DQH; and(c) Vaccination record |
| Quarantine requirement: | (a) Undergo compulsory quarantine for **14 days** in a DQH;(b) Undergo daily RATs during compulsory quarantine and PCR-based nucleic acid tests on the 3rd, 5th and 12th days; and(c) Can leave the DQH upon confirmation of negative results from the PCR-based nucleic acid test conducted on the 12th day and the RAT conducted on the 14th day | (a) Undergo compulsory quarantine for 14 days in a DQH;(b) Undergo daily RATs during compulsory quarantine; and PCR-based nucleic acid tests on the 3rd, 5th and 12th days; and**If opting for early discharge from compulsory quarantine** **upon fulfilment of relevant conditions:**- Can leave the DQH if fully vaccinated and/or being accompanied children under 12, and the results of the PCR test conducted on the 5th days and the RATs conducted on the 6th and 7th days are all negative;- Self-monitoring for the subsequent 7 days;- Undergo compulsory PCR-based nucleic acid testing on the 9th and 12th days of arrival at Hong Kong in a CTC or mobile specimen collection stations (for free), or at recognised local medical testing institutions (self-paid).**If not opting for early discharge from compulsory quarantine:**- Can leave the DQH upon confirmation of negative results from the PCR-based nucleic acid test conducted on the 12th day and the RAT conducted on the 14th day |

- **Inbound traveller** who is subject to compulsory quarantine has to declare his or her non-local COVID-19 vaccination record while conducting the “Health & Quarantine Information Declaration” via the online platform of the Department of Health (<https://www.chp.gov.hk/hdf/>). Officers at control points will check the proof of vaccination record of the relevant inbound traveller upon arrival in Hong Kong. Travellers will be issued a compulsory quarantine order together with a vaccination record QR code for local use at the same time. For acceptable vaccines for registration, please refer to the “List of COVID-19 Vaccines Recognised for Specified Purposes”:

 [www.coronavirus.gov.hk/pdf/list\_of\_recognised\_covid19\_vaccines.pdf](http://www.coronavirus.gov.hk/pdf/list_of_recognised_covid19_vaccines.pdf)

* From 0.00am on August 12, 2022, all persons boarding flights to Hong Kong from overseas places or Taiwan are required to complete the online Health & Quarantine Information Declaration of the Department of Health in advance to declare record of completion of vaccination and provide relevant information such as booking confirmation at DQHs, and present the health declaration QR code generated after completion of the declaration at check-in for verification by airlines for boarding. More details can be found here: <https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202208/08/P2022080800803.htm>
* **Persons travelling to Hong Kong from overseas places or Taiwan that are recovered persons previously infected with COVID-19** can be exceptionally allowed to board a flight for Hong Kong if they hold required documentary proof to show that they were infected with the virus 14 to 90 days prior to boarding for Hong Kong and have recovered, and the result of the rapid antigen test (RAT) conducted within 24 hours prior to boarding was negative.
* **Children aged below three** **who have stayed in overseas places or Taiwan** are no longer required to present the proof of the 48-hour pre-departure nucleic acid test when boarding. More details can be found here: <https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202205/29/P2022052900331.htm>
* **Inbound travellers aged 12 to 17** who have received one dose of Comirnaty vaccine at least 14 days ago are deemed to have complied with the requirements of completing the COVID-19 vaccination course under boarding and quarantine requirements.
* Details about the specified conditions imposed on inbound travellers who have visited specified places can be found at: <https://www.coronavirus.gov.hk/eng/high-risk-places.html>
* From November 12, 2021, quarantine exemption arrangements will be comprehensively tightened and monitoring on exempted persons will also be strengthened. Details about exemption under the “Compulsory Quarantine of Certain Persons Arriving at Hong Kong Regulation” can be found here:

<https://www.coronavirus.gov.hk/eng/599C-quarantine_exemption.html>

* Who is not affected by above rule: A person in transit in Hong Kong or a person exempted from compulsory quarantine under gazetted specifications.
* **Air transit/transfer services at HKIA**: Passengers can use HKIA for transit/transfer on flights operated by different airlines with the same air ticket, provided they have checked through at the port of origin, with boarding passes printed and baggage tagged through to final destination.
* **Transfer/transit services** for passengers from airports in Mainland China resumed on August 15, 2020 until further notice. Transfer/transit services to destinations in Mainland China remain unavailable at HKIA. Layover time of transfer/transit passengers at HKIA must be within 24 hours.
* Under the Return2hk Travel Scheme, **Hong Kong residents** who, upon fulfilment of certain conditions, including not having been to places other than Hong Kong, the Mainland or Macao in the past 14 days prior to and upon the day of arrival in Hong Kong, and any area being classified as at-risk places that are temporarily inapplicable and that is included in a list published by the Department of Health on the Return2hk / Come2hk Scheme thematic website, could be exempted from the 14-day compulsory quarantine requirement when they return to Hong Kong. The concerned persons must undergo compulsory testing on the 3rd, 5th and 12th days of their arrival at Hong Kong. Among these, the test on the 12th day must be conducted in a CTC. A quota arrangement is in place to control the number of cross-boundary travellers.More details can be found here:

<https://www.coronavirus.gov.hk/eng/return2hk-scheme.html>

* Under the Come2hk Scheme, **non-Hong Kong residents** **coming from Guangdong Province and Macao** who, upon fulfilment of the specified conditions, including not having stayed in places other than Hong Kong, Guangdong Province or Macao, or any places listed on the list of at-risk places temporarily inapplicable under the Return2hk / Come2hk Scheme, in the past 14 days before arriving in Hong Kongmay apply for a quota to enter Hong Kong without being subject to 14-day compulsory quarantine. Nevertheless, the concerned persons must undergo compulsory nucleic acid tests at a community testing centre (CTC) or recognised local medical testing institution on the 3rd, 5th and 12th days following their arrival in Hong Kong if they are still in Hong Kong, and the test to be taken on the 12th day must be conducted at a CTC. For details:

<https://www.coronavirus.gov.hk/eng/come2hk-scheme.html>

* **Travellers who are planning to enter Hong Kong under the Return2hk Scheme** or **the Come2hk Scheme** are required to present valid proof of a negative nucleic acid test result obtained within 3 days prior to or on the day of entry into Hong Kong, at one of the medical testing institutions that is mutually recognised by the governments of Hong Kong and Guangdong / Hong Kong and Macao. Details of the medical testing institutions in Guangdong Province can be accessed via the nucleic acid testing organisation enquiry function on the State Council Portal Mini Program, or via its official website (<http://bmfw.www.gov.cn/hsjcjgcx/index.html>); whereas the list of recognised medical testing institutions in Macao is available at <https://www.coronavirus.gov.hk/pdf/List_of_recognised_laboratories_MO.pdf>. Relevant medical testing institutions will upload the nucleic acid test result of the tested persons to the “Yuekang Code” or “Macao Health Code” system.
* From October 11, 2021, **Guangdong** resumes on a trial basis "Endorsement for business visit" application for mainland residents who wish to make business trips to Hong Kong, except for those who have been in medium and high-risk areas within the 14 days prior to application.
* **All inbound travellers** who are subject to compulsory quarantine specified above should not have any symptoms and should pass temperature checks upon entry. Travellers with symptoms will be referred to the Department of Health for further handling. Arrivals holding a **visa with insufficient validity period** will be denied entry to Hong Kong.
* **All persons arriving at Hong Kong via HKIA** from overseas places or Taiwan are required to undergo a PCR nucleic acid test by professional swab sampling as well as an RAT with professional specimen collection at the same time upon arrival under the “test-and-hold” arrangement at the Temporary Specimen Collection Centre (TSCC) at the airport. If the RAT result of the relevant person is negative, he or she can then proceed with immigration procedures, and upon the instruction of the staff on site be transferred by designated transport to DQHs where he or she will wait for the nucleic acid test result and undergo compulsory quarantine under closed-loop management. If the result of the nucleic acid test is also negative, the relevant quarantined person can continue his or her compulsory quarantine in DQHs. If any result of an RAT or nucleic acid test during “test-and-hold” arrangement or quarantine is positive and the relevant inbound person is classified as a confirmed case, he or she will be transferred to a community isolation facility hotel for isolation should he or she have no obvious symptoms and does not need any medical support. For those requiring treatment, they will be transferred to a public hospital facility for treatment and monitoring.

*More information and updates on latest developments about COVID-19 in Hong Kong can be found on* [*www.coronavirus.gov.hk*](http://www.coronavirus.gov.hk)

**II. Restrictions on Entering Mainland China**

* Since September 28, 2020, **foreign nationals holding valid Chinese residence permits for work, personal matters and reunion** are allowed to enter China with no need for applying for new visas. If the above three categories of residence permits held by foreign nationals expired after March 28, 2020, the holders may apply for relevant visas by presenting the expired residence permits and relevant materials to the Chinese embassies or consulates on the condition that the purpose of the holders' visit to China remains unchanged. The above-mentioned personnel shall strictly abide by the Chinese regulations on epidemic prevention and control.
* From March 15, 2021, the Office of the Commissioner of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of China in the HKSAR will provide **facilitation for visa applicants who have been inoculated with COVID-19 vaccines produced in China** and obtained the vaccination certificate. Details can be found on <http://www.fmcoprc.gov.hk/eng/vtc/t1860509.htm>.
* The Chinese Embassy in the United States issued a notice on the testing requirements for China-Bound passengers departing from Dallas after inoculated with COVID-19 vaccines in April 2021. For details: <http://www.china-embassy.org/eng/visas/zyxx/t1870474.htm>.
* On March 26, 2020, the Civil Aviation Administration of China announced that **every Chinese airline** is allowed to maintain only one route to any specific country, with only one flight per week. **Selected foreign airlines** are allowed to maintain one route to China with no more than one weekly flight. Since June 8, 2020, **all foreign airlines** are allowed to choose from a list of approved cities to operate one international passenger flight a week. On December 24, 2020, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs announced that China will suspend direct flights **to and from the United Kingdom**.
* On July 21, 2020, the Civil Aviation Administration of China, General Administration of Customs and Ministry of Foreign Affairs announced that **all airport arrivals from overseas** are required to undergo nucleic acid tests up to five days before departure at health centres designated or recognised by Chinese embassies overseas. Chinese embassies will evaluate the nucleic acid testing capacities of the countries in which they are located.
* From March 15, 2021, all **persons travelling from Hong Kong to Beijing** by direct flights are required to present a valid proof of a negative COVID-19 nucleic acid test result issued within seven days by a testing institution recognised by the HKSAR Government. Travellers will not be allowed to board the plane if the specimen collection method is not nasopharyngeal swab or combined nasal and throat swab, or the method of specimen collection is not specified in the proof. For details:

<https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202103/09/P2021030900275.htm>

* **Guangdong** requires all inbound travellers (including travellers from Hong Kong, Macao, and Taiwan, and transit passengers), regardless of onward destination, to 7-day centralised quarantine and 3-day medical surveillance at home. They are required to take COVID-19 nucleic acid tests on days 1, 2, 3, 5 and 7 of the centralised quarantine as well as day 3 of the medical surveillance at home.
* Travellers must present a valid proof of a negative COVID-19 nucleic acid test result within 24 hours issued by one of the testing institutions recognised by the Guangdong and HKSAR Government when travelling to Guangdong. People without acceptable proof will be refused entry to Guangdong. If they have to re-enter Hong Kong after being barred from the Mainland, they will be subject to compulsory quarantine of 14 days.

- From March 7, 2022, ordinary passengers **entering Shenzhen and Zhuhai from Hong Kong** are required to present a valid proof of a negative COVID-19 nucleic acid test result (must be nasopharyngeal swabs or combined nasal and throat swabs) issued within 48 hours by one of the testing institutions recognised by the Guangdong and the HKSAR Government. They are required to undergo 14-day centralised quarantine and 7-day medical surveillance at home after entry.

* From March 21, 2022, for persons **travelling to the Mainland or Macao from Hong Kong** by land (i.e. Shenzhen Bay Port or the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Hong Kong Port), other than holding a negative result proof of a self-paid nucleic acid test as per the prevailing requirements of relevant authorities, they will also need to undergo a free additional rapid PCR nucleic acid test at the control points prior to their departure from Hong Kong. Only those who receive a negative result can continue with their journeys. More information can be found on:

<https://www.coronavirus.gov.hk/eng/special-outbound-test.html>

* From July 15, 2022, persons **travelling to the Mainland via the Shenzhen Bay Control Point** are required to obtain a reservation at a Shenzhen quarantine hotel, and then reserve a timeslot through the online booking system for receiving the special nucleic acid test on the day of departure. More details can be found on:

https://www.coronavirus.gov.hk/eng/special-outbound-test.html

* From March 29, 2022, persons **travelling to the Mainland and Macao via the HKIA** are required to hold a negative result of an additional rapid PCR nucleic acid test when check in for flights. The additional rapid nucleic acid test must be conducted at the designated testing venue at the airport within eight hours prior to the scheduled departure time of the aircraft. The result of this special test cannot replace the proof of negative result of any self-paid nucleic acid test as currently required by relevant authorities of the Mainland and Macao. Details can be found on:

<https://www.coronavirus.gov.hk/eng/special-outbound-test.html>

* From February 7, 2022, **cross-boundary goods vehicle drivers who have received two vaccine doses** for 14 days, and received a message in the mini-program of WeChat on the system of the Yuekang Code (粵康碼) at the Yueshengshi (粵省事) issued by Guangdong Province, are required to possess proof of a negative result of a nucleic acid test conducted within 24 hours when entering Shenzhen and Zhuhai. They are required to undergo a nucleic acid test at the entry point. From March 14, 2022, all cross-boundary goods vehicles after entering Shenzhen from Hong Kong must transport goods at centralised transfer yards, which are set up at the Huanggang Port, the Man Kam To Boundary Control Point (BCP) and the Shenzhen Bay Port in Shenzhen.

**III. Travel Restrictions on Mainland China and Hong Kong by Other Places**

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| Country/ Region | Confirmed Cases | Travel Ban/Restriction/Advisory | Flight/Cruise Suspension |
| Afghanistan | 187442 |  |  |
| Albania | 314770 | [Dec 2, 2021] Travellers are allowed entry by presenting a proof of vaccination, a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours or rapid antigen test taken within 48 hours before entry or a proof of recovery from COVID-19. | [Jun 15, 2020] Commercial flights resume. |
| Algeria | 268254 | [Mar 20, 2022] Allows restriction-free entry of fully-vaccinated travellers if their last vaccine is not older than 9 months. Unvaccinated travellers and those whose vaccinations are older than 9 months are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours prior to arrival.  |  |
| Andorra | 45793 | [Jun 23, 2021] Travellers who spend 3 or more nights in the country are required to have (1) a vaccination certificate issued by the competent authorities of the country of origin from 14 days after the date of administration of the last dose; or (2) a proof of negative result of a PCR or TMA test conducted within 72 hours or of a rapid antigen detection test taken within 48 hours before arrival; or (3)a certificate of recovery issued by the competent authority or by a medical service at least 11 days after the first TMA or PCR test with a positive result. Visitors from a list of places (Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macao are not on list) are exempted from submitting these certificates.  |  |
| Angola | 102636 | [May 8, 2021] Travellers are required to have a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours before arrival and be tested (Rapid Test for COVID) on arrival at 04 Fevereiro International Airport in Luanda. Home quarantine is mandatory for 7 days before taking another PCR test. |  |
| Anguilla | 3620 | [Jul 1, 2021] All visitors who are eligible to be vaccinated against COVID-19 are required to be fully vaccinated at least three weeks before arrival. Those who have evidence of full vaccination will not be required to quarantine on arrival. No proof of health insurance is required.[Apr 1, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are not required to apply for permission to enter but a negative result of NAA/PCR/RNA test taken within 3 days or of rapid antigen test taken within 2 days of travel is required. Unvaccinated travellers and vaccinated travellers who have inoculated more than six months before the trip and have not received a booster shot, will be subject to testing on arrival. |  |
| Antigua and Barbuda | 8773 | [Apr 16, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are not required to present a negative result of PCR / rapid antigen test if they have no symptoms of possible infection. Partially vaccinated and unvaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of certified PCR test taken no more than 3 days or rapid antigen test taken no more than 24 hours prior to arrival, as well as undergo a home quarantine of 10 days and 14 days respectively. |  |
| Argentina | 9560307 | [Apr 7, 2022] Non-resident travellers are not required to show vaccination proof or undertake pre-departure COVID-19 test.  |  |
| Armenia | 428648 | [May 1, 2022] Travellers are not required to present COVID-19 PCR test result or certificate of complete vaccination for entry. |  |
| Aruba | 42286 | [Mar 19, 2022] Travellers are no longer required to present a COVID-19 negative test result or proof of vaccination. |  |
| Australia | 9588977 | [July 6, 2022] Travellers are not required to declare their COVID-19 vaccination status when travelling to and from Australia. | [Oct 30, 2022] Qantas plans to resume Sydney-Hong Kong flights from that date at the earliest. [Apr 18, 2022] Cruise vessels are allowed to enter. |
| Austria | 4838882 | [May 16, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Azerbaijan | 801939 | [Jun 10, 2021] Reopens border to travellers from selected countries (China is not included). Passengers are required to submit an official document on complete vaccination or recovery from COVID-19 and a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours before the flight. |  |
| Bahamas | 36745 | [Jun 19, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are required to present vaccination proof but not pre-travel COVID-19 test result. Unvaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR or rapid antigen test taken no more than 3 days prior to travel. |  |
| Bahrain | 662814 | [Feb 20, 2022] All arriving passengers are not required to take a PCR test upon arrival or undergo quarantine. |  |
| Bangladesh | 2007631 | [Jul 7, 2020] All foreign nationals are required to have BD visa and to produce a COVID-19 negative medical certificate issued within 72 hours of the trip. Visa on arrival is restricted.[Oct 23, 2021] Passengers fully vaccinated with WHO-approved COVID-19 vaccine from a list of countries (Mainland China and Hong Kong included) must present official proof of vaccination and no quarantine is required. Those not fully vaccinated have to undergo a 14-day home quarantine upon arrival. | [Jul 7, 2020] Scheduled international commercial passenger flights to or from Hong Kong are allowed to land at any airport in Bangladesh.[Sept 1, 2020] Scheduled international passenger flights to or from China are permitted to operate. |
| Barbados | 92841 | [May 25, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are not required to take a pre-arrival COVID-19 test.[Jun 1, 2022] Unvaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR or rapid antigen test taken within 3 days prior to arrival. They are required to take a rapid antigen test on arrival but are not required to undergo quarantine. |  |
| Belarus | 994037 | [Jul 14, 2021] Fully vaccinated foreigners with certificates are exempted from self-isolation but negative result of PCR test is required. |  |
| Belgium | 4437299 | [May 23, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Belize | 67309 | [Mar 1, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are required to show vaccination proof but not negative test result. Those without vaccination proof or are unvaccinated must present a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours or antigen rapid test taken within 48 hours before arrival. |  |
| Benin | 27316 | [May 12, 2020] Mandatory COVID-19 testing is required for all arriving airline passengers. Passengers will be required to undergo self-isolation for at least 48 hours until results have been confirmed negative, and may be subject to additional testing after 15 days. |  |
| Bermuda | 17356 | [Mar 7, 2022] Travellers are required to apply for a travel authorisation. Air travellers aged 12 and over must be fully vaccinated, and have a negative result of COVID-19 NAAT test (PCR, LAMP or TMA) no more than 4 days or a supervised antigen test no more than 2 days before arrival; they are not required to be tested upon arrival. |  |
| Bhutan | 60663 | [Jun 1, 2021] Denies entry to tourists until further notice. |  |
| Bolivia | 1052030 | [Sept 1, 2020] Travellers must have a negative test result for COVID-19. | [Sept 1, 2020] Commercial flights resume. |
| Bonaire, St Eustatius and Saba | 10897 | [Apr 11, 2022] Travellers to St. Eustatius are not required to quarantine but are required to present a negative result of PCR test conducted 48 hours or an antigen test taken 24 hours prior to departure. If the traveller has taken a booster, PCR test is not required. All travellers are required to take a mandatory Antigen test on day 5 after their arrival.[Apr 20, 2022] Travellers to Bonaire are not required to present negative COVID-19 test results, vaccination or recovery certificate, but have to complete a health declaration form between 12 to 24 hours before departure.[May 1, 2022] Travellers to Saba are not required to undergo pre- or post-arrival tests. | [Jun 1, 2021] Lifts all flight bans. |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | 388158 | [May 26, 2022] Travellers are not required to present negative COVID-19 test result, certificate of vaccination or recovery for entry. |  |
| Botswana | 325470 | [Mar 19, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are not required to present a negative PCR test result. Unvaccinated or not fully travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test valid for 72 hours prior to arrival and to undergo COVID-19 testing on arrival. |  |
| Brazil | 34035780 | [Apr 7, 2022] Travellers are allowed to enter by presenting a vaccination record. The last or single dose of the vaccine must be taken 14 days before boarding date. |  |
| British Virgin Islands | 7131 | [Jul 15, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Brunei Darussalam | 211157 | [May 6, 2022] Non-essential entry travel is permitted for fully vaccinated travellers from any country without Entry Travel Pass (ETP) applications. They are required to perform antigen rapid test (ART) 3 times after arrival. No RT-PCR test upon arrival and self-isolation are required if test result is negative. Not yet fully-vaccinated travellers are required to verify that they are medically exempted from receiving vaccinations, and conduct ART upon arrival and RT-PCR test on day 3 after arrival, and undergo self-isolation until RT-PCR results are obtained. | [Oct 31, 2021] Royal Brunei Airlines operates 1 flight per week to and from Hong Kong. |
| Bulgaria | 1217565 | [May 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Burkina Faso | 21128 | [Aug 1, 2020] All international travellers are required to present a negative COVID 19 test certificate dated no more than 5 days prior to departure. A rapid COVID-19 test will be performed at the airport for passengers without a negative COVID-19 test proof, and the passenger will be detained until results are available. All land borders remain closed. | [Aug 1, 2020] Ouagadougou and Bobo airports return to normal operations. |
| Burundi | 47247 | [Nov 8, 2020] Travellers should provide proof of negative result of the test to COVID-19 done 72 hours before boarding. They will be screened and quarantined for 72 hours upon arrival. | [Nov 8, 2020] Reopens Melchior Ndadaye International airport. |
| Cabo Verde | 62207 | [May 2022] Travellers are required to present a valid vaccination certificate or a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours or antigen test within 48 hours before travel or a recovery certificate. They are also required to fill out a health monitoring form. |  |
| Cambodia | 137081 | [Jan 2022] Reopens Siem Reap province to international visitors.[Mar 17, 2022] Removes the requirement of presenting negative result of PCR test within 72 hours before arrival and doing rapid test upon arrival for fully vaccinated travellers. Unvaccinated travellers are required to undergo a 14-day quarantine at a designated location. Reopens Visa on Arrival for all travellers. |  |
| Cameroon | 120215 | [Mar 18, 2020] Closes all its borders. |  |
| Canada | 4056133 | [Apr 25, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are not required to provide a quarantine plan upon entry.[Jun 12, 2022] Pre-entry tests are not required for fully vaccinated travellers but they are required to provide COVID-19 information electronically through ArriveCAN within 72 hours before their arrival.[Jun 20, 2022] Vaccination is no longer required to board a plane or train in Canada. This applies only to travel within Canada and flights or trains leaving Canada. | [Feb 28, 2022] International flights carrying passengers are allowed to land at all Canadian airports that are designated by the Canada Border Services Agency to receive international passenger flights. |
| Cayman Islands | 29419 | [Jun 30, 2022] Allows entry of fully vaccinated travellers. Unvaccinated visitors (aged 12 and over) are not allowed to enter, unless they have a close tie with the Islands. Pre-arrival COVID-19 testing is no longer required. | [Apr 18, 2022] Lifts cruise ship passengers capacity restrictions. |
| Central African Republic | 14781 | [Sept 9, 2020] A mandatory 21-day self-quarantine is in place for arriving international travellers. | [Sept 30, 2020] Limited international flight services resume at Bangui M'Poko International Airport. |
| Chad | 7437 | [Sept 3, 2020] Passengers must present a negative PCR test result issued at most 7 days before arrival and are subject to quarantine for 7 days. |  |
| Chile | 4274613 | [Nov 9, 2021] Non-resident foreigners are required to have a Chilean mobility pass which consists of a vaccination certificate previously validated in Chile. They are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken 72 hours before boarding and a certificate of medical insurance that covers the expenses originated by COVID-19, and comply with a mandatory quarantine of 5 days. Those without a Mobility Pass are required to undergo isolation for 7 days. |  |
| Colombia | 6265798 | [Apr 29, 2022] International travellers must present a COVID-19 vaccination certificate or a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours/antigen test taken within 24 hours before departure for entry. |  |
| Comoros | 8351 |  |  |
| Congo | 24775 | [Aug 24, 2020] Opens air borders for international flights. Travellers must have a negative PCR test result issued at most 3 days before arrival. Land and river borders remain closed. |  |
| Costa Rica | 1044385 | [Apr 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Côte d'Ivoire | 85712 | [Jan 21, 2021] All inbound airline travellers are required to present negative COVID-19 test results dated less than 5 days before arrival and complete the online Air Travel Declaration form 7 days before arrival. |  |
| Croatia | 1193298 | [May 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Cuba | 1108492 | [Apr 6, 2022] Travellers are not required to present COVID-19 test result or vaccination certificate. Free random sampling at the points of entry is maintained. |  |
| Curaçao | 45063 | [Mar 10, 2022] No COVID-19 test is required before arrival. Travellers are required to complete the digital immigration card online and digitally fill out the Passenger Locator Card 48 hours before departure. |  |
| Cyprus | 568383 | [Feb 21, 2022] Vaccinated or recovered travellers from any country may enter without being required to meet the conditions for the respective category of their country of departure if they meet the following conditions:* valid vaccination certificate, provided they have completed the number of doses required by Cyprus (a third dose, in case of a two-dose vaccine, with no expiry date of the third dose, and the second dose, in case of a single-dose vaccine, with no expiry date of the second dose. It is understood that, the second dose, in case of a two-dose vaccine and the first dose, in case of a single-dose vaccine, are still accepted, provided that no longer than 9 months have passed from the date it was administered. BioNTech and Sinovac are included in the list of accepted vaccines.
* Travellers holding an EU or third-country equivalent digital certificate of vaccination which indicates they have completed the number of doses required by Cyprus.
* A recovery certificate is only accepted from third countries that have joined the EU digital COVID certification system, for passengers whose date of travel is no later than 180 days after the first positive test result.
* Vaccinated or recovered passengers must submit an application to CyprusFlightPass within 48 hours before departure.

Passengers who are not vaccinated or do not hold a valid vaccination or recovery certificatecan enter, provided they meet the conditions of the respective category in which the country from where they travel has been categorised into. For China (including Hong Kong and Macao), which is in the green list, the following conditions apply:* to have taken either an RT-PCR laboratory test 72 hours before departure or an antigen rapid laboratory test 24 hours before departure. Children under 12 are exempted.
* to have completed, within 48 hours before their departure, the passenger locator form, using this on-line e-platform of the Republic of Cyprus, in order to acquire the “CyprusFlightPass”.
 | [Jun 9, 2020] Resumes international air travel. |
| Czech Republic | 3999651 | [Apr 9, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | 92456 | [Aug 15, 2020] Reopens airports, ports, and borders. |  |
| Denmark | 3240454 | [Mar 29, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Djibouti | 15690 |  | [Jul 17, 2020] Reopens Ambouli International Airport for incoming and outgoing passenger traffic. |
| Dominica | 14852 | [Apr 4, 2022] No testing requirement for vaccinated travellers. Unvaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours or rapid antigen test taken within 48 hours prior to arrival. |  |
| Dominican Republic | 631040 | [Apr 23, 2022] Travellers do not need to present proof of vaccination or COVID-19 test result for entry. Random testing may be performed if required, but travellers with vaccination proof are exempted. |  |
| Ecuador | 975234 | [Feb 11, 2022] Travellers must present a vaccination certificate or a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours prior to arrival. |  |
| Egypt | 515082 | [Jun 17, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| El Salvador | 190818 | [Nov 17, 2021] Removes all sanitary requirements of entry, no vaccination card or PCR test result is required. | [Sept 19, 2020] Reopens international airport. |
| Equatorial Guinea | 16776 | [Sept 25, 2020] Travellers arriving in the country, whether expatriates or nationals, have to present a negative PCR test certificate issued in the last 48 hours. Failing to do so, travellers must take a PCR test at the airport at their own cost and self-isolate in a hotel in the city while awaiting the PCR test results. | [Jun 15, 2020] Reopens its border to international flights. |
| Eritrea | 10118 |  | [Mar 25, 2020] Government bans commercial passenger flights to and from Eritrea. |
| Estonia | 591377 | [Jun 18, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Eswatini | 73305 | [Mar 2022] Travellers are required to produce a valid COVID-19 vaccination certificate (hard or electronic) and must be fully vaccinated. Unvaccinated travellers are required to present negative result of COVID-19 PCR (hard or electronic) not older than 72 hours upon arrival at the Points of Entry. |  |
| Ethiopia | 492491 | [Apr 1, 2022] International travellers aged above twelve are required to present a certificate of negative RT PCR test result taken up to 72 hours or 3 days before departure or antigen-RDT negative test up to 24 hours before arrival. Fully vaccinated travellers with proof and travellers who can present proof of recovery from COVID-19 within 90 days are exempted to present the RT PCR or antigen RDT test result. |  |
| European Union | N/A | [Jun 18, 2021] Member states should gradually lift the travel restrictions at the external borders for residents of a list of third countries/places, including Hong Kong and Macao. Mainland China would be subject to the condition of reciprocity.[Mar 1, 2022] Member states to lift the temporary restriction on non-essential travel for persons vaccinated with an EU- or WHO-approved COVID-19 vaccine at least 14 days and no more than 270 days before arrival, those vaccinated with a booster dose and those who have recovered from COVID-19 within 180 days before travelling. For persons vaccinated with a WHO-approved vaccine (instead of EU-approved), member states can also require a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours before departure and can apply additional measures such as quarantine or isolation. |  |
| Falkland Islands (Malvinas) | 1847 | [Aug 2021] Travellers are subject to a 10-day quarantine and are tested within 48 hours of arrival, and again on either day 5 or day 8, depending on their vaccination status and that of anyone who travelled with them. Fully vaccinated travellers (Pfizer included) can opt for leaving quarantine on day 5 if tested negative twice. Others can opt for leaving quarantine on day 8 if tested negative twice. |  |
| Faroe Islands | 34658 | [Feb 28, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Fiji | 67805 | [May 5, 2022] Travellers aged 16 and above are required to present proof of full vaccination. Proof of pre-paid in-country RAT within 72 hours of arrival is required for travellers aged 12 and above.  | [Dec 1, 2021] Fiji Airways resumes international flights to its major tourism destination markets (Hong Kong included). |
| Finland | 1218216 | [Mar 14, 2022] Allow entry of travellers from the green list regions (Hong Kong and Macao included). The authorities may check health-related documents, including vaccination certificates, recovery certificates, or test certificates. |  |
| France | 33927242 | [Aug 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| French Guiana | 92575 |  |  |
| French Polynesia | 75958 | [Jun 9, 2021] Vaccinated travellers are not required to quarantine but to present a negative laboratory RT-PCR test result performed less than 72 hours or an antigen test performed less than 48 hours prior to departure. Unvaccinated travellers are not allowed to enter unless with a boarding authorisation granted by the High-Commissioner and undergo a 10-day quarantine. |  |
| Gabon | 48511 | [Jul 1, 2020] Land and sea borders remain closed. | [Jul 1, 2020] Resumes commercial air travel. |
| Gambia | 12197 | [Oct 16, 2020] Reopens its borders.[Apr 2, 2021] Travellers from non-hotspot countries (including Mainland China, Hong Kong or Macao) are required to provide a valid negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours. Such travellers are allowed to go home and observe a 14-day self-monitored quarantine with a condition to report for testing when experiencing COVID-19 symptoms. |  |
| Georgia | 1698020 | [Jun 14, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Germany | 31228322 | [Jun 11, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Ghana | 168306 | [Apr 16, 2022] Travellers are required to provide evidence of full vaccination. |  |
| Gibraltar | 19938 |  |  |
| Greece | 4474616 | [May 1, 2022] Travellers are not required to show proof of vaccination, recovery from COVID-19 or negative test result of COVID-19 test. |  |
| Greenland | 11971 | [May 18, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Grenada | 18786 | [Apr 4, 2022] All COVID-19 entry requirements are lifted. |  |
| Guadeloupe | 186380 | [Jan 18, 2021] All travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours prior to departure, go on a 7-day quarantine and be tested again. |  |
| Guam | 46799 | [Jun 12, 2022] Travellers are required to show proof of full vaccination before boarding. They are not required to show a negative COVID-19 test result or documentation of recovery from COVID-19. |  |
| Guatemala | 1048193 | [Apr 17, 2021] Reopens borders to international travel and tourism. Travellers are required to present a negative result of antigen or PCR test taken within 72 hours before boarding. Fully vaccinated travellers should present a valid certificate of vaccination (the last dose must have been administrated 2 weeks before starting the trip). |  |
| Guernsey | 30198 | [Feb 17, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Guinea | 37429 |  |  |
| Guinea-Bissau | 8452 |  |  |
| Guyana | 69948 | [Jun 18, 2022] International travellers who are vaccinated are allowed entry. No COVID-19 testing requirement is required. |  |
| Haiti | 32296 | [Jul 1, 2020] The land border with the Dominican Republic is open to pedestrian and vehicular traffic. | [Jul 1, 2020] Commercial airlines resumes regular flight services to and from Haiti. |
| Holy See | 26 |  |  |
| Honduras | 444152 |  | [Aug 17, 2020] Resumes international flights. |
| Hungary | 1987321 | [Mar 7, 2022] COVID-19-related entry restrictions, including vaccination and immunity certificates and testing before departure, have been lifted for all travellers. |  |
| Iceland | 202502 | [Feb 25, 2022] All COVID-related restrictions for travellers at the border have been lifted, regardless of the travellers’ vaccination status. |  |
| India | 44161899 | [Feb 14, 2022] Before arrival, all travellers should submit a self-declaration form on the online Air Suvidha portal on their travel details in the last 14 days. They should also upload a report of negative COVID-19 RT-PCR test conducted within 72 hours prior to travel, or upload a certificate of full primary vaccination. On arrival, a random 2% of the total passengers in the flight identified by the concerned airline shall undergo testing at the airport. They are allowed to leave after submitting the samples. All travellers will self-monitor their health for next 14 days of arrival. | [Mar 27, 2022] Resumes all scheduled commercial flights. |
| Indonesia | 6249403 | [Apr 6, 2022] All international travellers are required to show proof of receiving complete dose of COVID-19 vaccine and a negative result of RT-PCR test taken within 48 hours before departure. Travellers are required to undergo a COVID-19 symptom check upon arrival and those who show a symptom must take an RT-PCR test. Travellers who are not vaccinated or have received the 1st dose at least 14 days before departure are required to undergo a 5-day quarantine and take a RT-PCR test on day 4. No quarantine is required for those who have received the 2nd or 3rd dose of COVID-19 vaccine at least 14 days before departure. | [Oct 14, 2021] Reopens Bali Ngurah Rai Airport for international flights from several countries including China. |
| Iran | 7440422 | [Dec 29, 2020] All inbound travellers arriving in Iran must submit a negative COVID-19 PCR test report in English. The report must not be older than 96 hours. Otherwise, the passenger will be deported to the country of origin. | [Jan 31, 2020] Government bans all flights to and from China. |
| Iraq | 2450637 | [Aug 15, 2020] Land borders are open to commercial traffic.[Jan 14, 2021] Prohibits entry of passengers from a list of countries (China not included), except for Iraqi nationals who will be subject to a 14-day mandatory quarantine and a PCR test. Diplomats, official government delegations, international organizations, and experts working on service projects are exempted, provided they present a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours before arrival. | [Mar 17, 2020] Government suspends all flights to and from Iraq. |
| Ireland | 1647605 | [Mar 6, 2022] International travellers are not required to show proof of vaccination, recovery or a negative result of PCR test upon arrival. There is no requirement to complete a COVID-19 Passenger Locator Form. |  |
| Isle of Man | 37794 | [Apr 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Israel | 4602895 | [Jun 3, 2022] Travellers are not required to present negative COVID-19 test result or undergo isolation but they need to complete an entry form 10 days prior to departure and are required to have a health insurance with coverage for the treatment of COVID-19.  |  |
| Italy | 21325402 | [Jun 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Jamaica | 146695 | [Apr 16, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Japan | 14248541 | [Mar 5, 2021] All travellers are requested to submit a negative COVID-19 test result conducted within 72 hours prior to arrival and take another test upon arrival.[Mar 1, 2022] Foreign nationals newly entering Japan for a short-term (less than three months) or long-term stay or who have receiving organisations for supervision located in Japan for purposes including business and employment are allowed to enter, touristic purpose is not in included. All cross-border travellers from countries/regions where the Omicron variant becomes dominant are required to self-quarantine and to refrain from using public transportation for 7 days in principle. Based on whether they enter from countries/regions of 3-days quarantine at specific facilities designated by the chief of the quarantine station, and they obtain a valid COVID-19 vaccination certificate (validity of which is certified by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW)), the measures may be relaxed.[Jun 1, 2022] Travellers from group blue countries/regions (Mainland China and HK included) are not required to submit vaccination certificate and undergo quarantine or take on-arrival test, but are required to present negative result of recognised COVID-19 test taken within 72 hours before departure. [Jun 10, 2022] Allows entry of foreign tourists who have a travel agency serving as the receiving organisation of the entrants. |   |
| Jersey | 58331 | [Feb 7, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Jordan | 1720778 | [Mar 1, 2022] Travellers are not required to take a pre-arrival or on-arrival PCR test. |  |
| Kazakhstan | 1457904 | [Jun 8, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Kenya | 337853 | [Mar 18, 2022] Travellers must present a certificate of COVID-19 vaccination for entry, with some exemptions. No test requirement for fully vaccinated travellers. Eligible unvaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours before departure and to undergo a rapid antigen test upon arrival. |  |
| Korea | 20694239 | [May 23, 2022] Travellers are required to present negative result of PCR test taken within 48 hours or RAT within 24 hours prior to departure.[Jun 1, 2022] Foreigners are allowed to enter for tourism, transit, visiting relatives reasons and to stay for up to 90 days. Travellers are required to undergo a PCR test within 3 days of their entry.[Jun 8, 2022] Extends quarantine exemption to all travellers, including unvaccinated ones.[July 1, 2022] Resumes visa-free entry for HKSAR & BN(O)passport holders, but travellers are required to apply for K-ETA to board aircraft and ships. |  |
| Kosovo | 261261 |  |  |
| Kuwait | 655854 | [Aug 25, 2021] Visitors fully vaccinated with Sinopharm, Sinovac or Sputnik are able to travel to Kuwait on the condition that they receive an additional dose from vaccines approved by Kuwait. They should upload the vaccine certificate on the Ministry of Health's website if there is no QR code on it. Unvaccinated visitors need authorisation to enter Kuwait.[Dec 26, 2021] All travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 48 hours prior to arrival and undergo a 10-day quarantine. They can end the quarantine if the result of a PCR test taken 72 hours after their arrival is negative.[Jan 2, 2022] Those who have been fully vaccinated against the COVID-19 nine months earlier are considered not fully immunized and cannot enter unless a booster dose is taken. |  |
| Kyrgyzstan | 204671 | [Jun 18, 2021] Allows entry of citizens from 33 countries, including China.[Jun 19, 2021] Foreign travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test conducted in the last 72 hours before arrival or a document certifying the vaccination against COVID-19. |  |
| Laos | 211842 | [May 9, 2022] Fully vaccinated foreigners with a vaccination certificate may enter without any screening or testing for COVID-19. Non-vaccinated foreign citizens are required to present a negative result of rapid antigen test taken within 48 hours prior to departure. |  |
| Latvia | 874090 | [Apr 1, 2022] Travellers are not required to present a vaccination or recovery certificate or proof of negative COVID-19 test result.  |  |
| Lebanon | 1186920 | [Apr 10, 2022] Travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 48 hours or rapid antigen test taken within 24 hours prior to departure. Those who have received three doses of COVID-19 vaccine or those who have received one or two doses within 6 months before departure are exempted. |  |
| Lesotho | 34206 |  |  |
| Liberia | 7548 | [May 6, 2021] Requires all non-exempt travellers to take the COVID-19 test on their own expense in Liberia. Exempt travellers (diplomats and their families, honorary consuls, duly accredited international organisations and Liberian diplomats) are required to present valid negative result of PCR COVID-19 conducted within 96 hours upon arrival. Travellers are strongly recommended to stay home for 7 days. | [Jun 28, 2020] Resumes commercial flights at Roberts International Airport. |
| Libya | 505705 | [Mar 16, 2020] Closes its land and air ports. |  |
| Liechtenstein | 18744 |  |  |
| Lithuania | 1191996 | [May 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Luxembourg | 283937 | [Apr 22, 2022] Allows entry of residents of China (subject to confirmation of reciprocity at EU level), HK and Macao for non-essential travel. No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Macao | 791 | [Aug 26, 2020] Zhuhai-Macao boundary checkpoints (Checkpoint of Macao Port Zone of Hengqin Port, Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Checkpoint and Border Gate Checkpoint) are reopened to vehicles of Guangdong-Macao dual licence plates with no prior reservation required.[Sept 23, 2020] Issuance of the group visit endorsements and the endorsements under IVS for Mainland residents to travel to Macao by Mainland authorities resumed.[Nov 20, 2021] Travellers using the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Shuttle Bus service (Golden Bus) and staying at Medical Observation Hotels are required to present a booking confirmation issued by the Medical Observation Hotel in order to board the bus.[Nov 24, 2021] Air travellers from Mainland China are required to hold a proof of negative result of COVID-19 nucleic acid test valid for 7 days from the day after the sampling day; non-Macao residents who fail to present such proof may be denied entry.[Jun 2, 2022] Inbound travellers entering from Guangdong Province via the Zhuhai-Macao checkpoints or by sea must hold a proof of negative result for COVID-19 nucleic acid test valid for 7 days after the day of sampling.[Jun 15, 2022] Residents of mainland China, Hong Kong or Taiwan who have been to a foreign country in the 10 days prior to their arrival are allowed to enter with exemptions authorised by local health authorities.Fully vaccinated residents from mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan region* + - * who have visited Taiwan and Hong Kong are required to undergo a 10-day centralised medical observation and 7-day self-monitoring. They are subject to a nucleic acid test on days 11, 12, 14, 16 and 17 of arrival;
			* who have visited Taiwan are required to present proof of negative result for COVID-19 nucleic acid test taken within 24 hours prior to arrival, while those who have visited HK are required to have negative result proof of test taken 24 hours after the day of sampling;
			* who have infected with COVID-19 within recent 2 months, are only permitted to enter at least 14 days after obtaining three consecutive 'negative' results of COVID-19 antigen or nucleic acid tests (each test at least 24 hours apart). They are also required to observe testing and vaccination requirements;
			* who have not completed the COVID-19 vaccination are required to undergo at least 14-day centralised medical observation.

 Travellers who have been to designated places mentioned in this [link](https://www.gcs.gov.mo/ncv/annex/index.html?p=1&l=en&s=o) in Mainland China within the past 14 days prior arrival without travelling to any foreign country or Taiwan, are required to observe certain epidemic-control measures.[Aug 6, 2022] Inbound travellers who have visited foreign countries, Hong Kong or Taiwan within 10 days prior to their arrival, provided that their COVID-19 nucleic acid test results are all negative upon entry into Macao and during the medical observation period, their period of medical observation in isolation shall be shortened to 7 days (the 7th day from the day after the date of arrival), followed by 3 days of self-health management (while the health code will turn yellow). Travellers are subject to COVID-19 nucleic acid testing on Days 1, 2, 3, 5 and 7 from the day following the day of discharge from medical observation. | [Mar 25, 2020] Government suspends all transit services at Macau International Airport. |
| Madagascar | 66491 | [Mar 30, 2022] All travellers are required to provide a negative result of PCR test taken 72 hours prior to departure and take a rapid antigen test upon arrival. Compulsory quarantine is not required if the test result is negative. If test positive, travellers are required to be confined in a hotel or other approved place for at least 7 days. | [Apr 11, 2022] Resumes international flights at five main airports, i.e. Antananarivo, Nosy Be, Majunga, Tamatave and Diego. |
| Malawi | 87365 | [Jun 1, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are no longer required to produce negative result of PCR tests. Not fully vaccinated travellers or those cannot present a valid electronically verifiable COVID-19 full vaccination certificate are required to present negative result of PCR test taken not older than 72 hours at the time of arrival. |  |
| Malaysia | 4708552 | [Aug 1, 2022] Hong Kong and Macao passport holders can visit Malaysia visa-free for up to 30 days. Regardless of vaccination status, they are no longer required to present the Traveller’s Card in the MySejahetra App, undergo pre-departure and on-arrival COVID-19 tests as well as quarantine. |  |
| Maldives | 184591 | [Mar 13, 2022] Pre-arrival PCR test and travel-related quarantine are not required for incoming travellers. |  |
| Mali | 31236 |  |  |
| Malta | 113288 | [Jul 25, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Marshall Islands | 68 |  |  |
| Martinique | 211572 |  |  |
| Mauritania | 62652 |  |  |
| Mauritius | 248720 | [Jul 1, 2022] No testing or quarantine requirement for travellers, regardless of their vaccination status. |  |
| Mayotte | 39663 | [Mar 23, 2022] International travellers aged 12 and over are required to have proof of full vaccination status, or compelling reasons of a personal, family, health or professional nature that cannot be deferred, and present negative result of an antigen test or a screening examination of less than 24 hours before entry. |  |
| Mexico | 6803190 | [Mar 2022] Travellers are not required to take a test before departure or undertake quarantine. |  |
| Monaco | 14198 | [Dec 2, 2021] Travellers from the green zone (Hong Kong included) must present a negative result of PCR or antigen test taken within 24 hours, or a proof of full vaccination or a proof of recovery from COVID-19. Travellers from the orange zone (Mainland China and Macao included) must present a proof of full vaccination or a proof of recovery from COVID-19. |  |
| Mongolia | 961171 | [Mar 14, 2022] Lifts COVID-19 PCR or antigen/rapid test requirements both before departure and upon arrival. Travellers are not required to be fully vaccinated or to undergo quarantine/self-isolation. |  |
| Montenegro | 265177 | [Apr 8, 2022] Travellers can enter without a COVID-19 certificate. |  |
| Montserrat | 1068 | [Mar 31, 2022] Travellers aged above 5 are required to present negative result of COVID-19 PCR or RNA or antigen test taken no earlier than 3 days prior to travel. Fully vaccinated travellers are required to provide proof of vaccination and no quarantine is required if tested negative on entry. Unvaccinated or not fully vaccinated travellers are required to undergo a 10-day quarantine at home, place of occupancy, designated quarantine facility or place of isolation. They will be released if tested negative between day 8 and 10 after entry. |  |
| Morocco | 1262622 | [May 17, 2022] Travellers are required to present vaccination pass or a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours before departure. | [Feb 7, 2022] Resumes international flights. |
| Mozambique | 229696 | [Oct 29, 2020] Resumes tourist visas. Visitors are not required to quarantine on arrival if they present a negative PCR test not older than 72 hours. |  |
| Myanmar | 614213 | [Apr 17, 2022] Travellers are required to present a COVID-19 vaccination certificate as proof of full vaccination at least 14 days before arrival, a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours prior to arrival and a COVID-19 medical insurance purchased from Myanma Insurance. They have to submit a Health Declaration Form and take another PCR test upon arrival. |  |
| Namibia | 166467 | [May 16, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are not required to present negative PCR test result but are required to present authentic valid vaccination card. Not fully vaccinated travellers are required to have a negative result of COVID-19 PCR test taken within 72 hours. |  |
| Nepal | 990625 | [Mar 16, 2022] Travellers are required to submit a certificate of full vaccination. Those who are unable to submit such certificate are required to present negative result of COVID-19 test (RTPCR, True NAAT, Gene Xpert) taken within 72 hours prior to travel. No quarantine is required. | [May 31, 2021] Opens schedule flights to three countries (China, Qatar and Turkey) with one flight per week by each single airline of respective countries. |
| Netherlands | 8349765 | [Mar 23, 2022] Travellers from a safe country/area (Mainland China, Hong Kong & Macao included) or with proof of vaccination or proof of recovery are allowed to enter. Travellers are not required to show a negative test result or undergo self-quarantine on arrival. | [Apr 24, 2020] Government lifts the ban on incoming flights. |
| New Caledonia | 71073 | [Aug 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| New Zealand  | 1646554 | [11:59pm on Jul 31, 2022] Opens border to all tourists and visa holders. Travellers with visa categories including visitor and student visas can apply for entry from anywhere in the world. Travellers must take 2 RAT tests on arrival day and on day 5/6, and those aged 17 and above must present proof of receiving a full COVID-19 vaccine course. | [Feb 1, 2022] Air New Zealand requires all passengers aged 18 and older travelling anywhere on its international network to be fully vaccinated. Unvaccinated passengers are required to present proof that vaccination was not a viable option for them for medical reasons.[11:59pm on July 31, 2022] Cruise ships are allowed entry. |
| Nicaragua | 14807 |  |  |
| Niger | 9125 | [Aug 1, 2020] Denies entry to travellers except Nigerien nationals, persons with valid residency and foreign nationals with valid visas. Requires a negative COVID test certificate less than 72 hours old for people who are eligible for entry. | [Aug 1, 2020] Resumes commercial international flights into Niger’s international airports.  |
| Nigeria | 261885 | [Apr 4, 2022] All travellers are required to present the permit to travel certificate / QR code. Fully vaccinated travellers should present full vaccination certificate at their point of trideparture. They are not required to carry out pre-arrival and post-arrival COVID-19 PCR tests. Unvaccinated or partially vaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test administered within 48 hours of departure, undergo mandatory 7-day quarantine in selected in-country destination and take PCR tests on Days 2 and 7 of arrival. They can exit self-isolation if tested negative. | [Sept 5, 2020] International commercial flights resume. |
| North Korea | 0 | [Jan 21, 2020] Closes its borders to all foreign tourists. | [Jan 31, 2020] Government suspends all flights and trains to and from China. |
| North Macedonia | 330755 | [Aug 19, 2021] Travellers can enter by presenting a vaccination certificate, a confirmation for having recovered from COVID-19 in the past 45 days or a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours or antigen test within 48 hours prior to arrival. |  |
| Northern Mariana Islands | 12732 |  |  |
| Norway | 1456667 | [Feb 12, 2022] All COVID-19 entry requirements have been lifted for all travellers. |  |
| Oman | 396722 | [Dec 26, 2021] Travellers with valid visas are allowed entry without prior approval. They should be vaccinated with 2 doses of approved vaccine (including BioNTech and Sinovac). |  |
| Pakistan | 1559829 | [Apr 1, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are allowed entry without pre-travel test requirement. Unvaccinated travellers who fulfill the exemption criteria are allowed entry by presenting a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours prior to departure. |  |
| Palestine | 697447 |  |  |
| Palau | 5239 | [Dec 16, 2021] Travellers must submit proof of complete COVID-19 vaccination with final dose administered at least 14 days prior to departure. They must also provide proof of either a negative result of PCR test taken within 3 days prior to departure or documentation of recovery from COVID-19. All Travellers are required to be tested on the 4th day following their arrival and follow all requirements stated in the Mitigation Orders issued. |  |
| Panama | 954369 | [Apr 6, 2022] All travellers are required to present their completed Electronic Health Affidavit before boarding. Non-vaccinated or partially vaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR or antigen test taken no more than 72 hours prior to arrival whereas fully vaccinated travellers who can present proof of receiving at least two doses of recognized vaccine or complete vaccination, equal to or greater than 14 days after the last dose. |  |
| Papua New Guinea | 44800 | [Feb 15, 2022] Only fully vaccinated travellers are allowed entry.[Apr 18, 2022] All incoming travellers are required to be tested for COVID-19 on the day of arrival. |  |
| Paraguay | 707109 | [Jun 14, 2021] Travellers are required to have a negative result of COVID-19 test (LAMP, NAAT and RT-PCT are accepted) taken no later than 72 hours prior to departure, and an international medical insurance with coverage of COVID-19 expenses and complete Traveler’s Health Information no later than 24 hours before departure. The same rules apply to vaccinated and unvaccinated travellers. |  |
| Peru | 3932838 | [Feb 28, 2022] Travellers are required to present COVID-19 vaccination card with the complete vaccination doses before boarding. Otherwise, they must present a negative result of PCR test issued up to 48 hours before boarding. |  |
| Philippines | 3808156 | [Feb 10, 2022] Travellers from places that are allowed entry without a visa (Hong Kong and Macao included) are required to be fully vaccinated with proof of vaccination and a negative result of PCR test taken within 48 hours prior to departure.[May 30, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are not required to present negative RT-PCR test upon arrival. Unvaccinated or partially unvaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of RT-PCR test taken within 48 hours or a laboratory-based rapid antigen test administered and certified by a healthcare professional taken within 24 hours prior to departure, they are also required to undergo facility-based quarantine until the release of their negative RT-PCR test taken on day 5 and undergo home quarantine until day 14 of arrival. |  |
| Poland | 6094868 | [Mar 28, 2022] Vaccination proof and negative COVID-19 test result, Passenger Locator Form and quarantine are not required for entry. |  |
| Portugal | 5358494 | [Feb 7, 2022] Travellers from selected places (including Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macao) are allowed to enter for both essential and non-essential travels but subject to reciprocal confirmation. They are required to present a valid vaccination proof or a negative result of PCR test taken 72 hours or rapid antigen test taken 24 hours before boarding or recovery EU Digital COVID Certificate. Travellers are also required to fill in a Passenger Locator Card. |  |
| Puerto Rico | 859663 | [Jun 12, 2022] International travellers are not required to present a negative COVID-19 test result prior to travelling regardless of vaccination status or citizenship. However, those who are neither US citizens nor permanent residents must present vaccination proof. |  |
| Qatar | 414310 | [Oct 6, 2021] Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macao are in the green list. Travellers from the green list who are fully vaccinated with one of the approved vaccines by Ministry of Public Health (Pfizer/BioNtech included) are exempted from quarantine requirements. Unvaccinated travellers are required to undergo a 7-day hotel quarantine while those holding pre-issued family visas are required to undergo a 7-day home quarantine. They have to take a PCR test on Day 6 of quarantine and can be released on Day 7 if a negative test result is obtained. All travellers are required to present a negative PCR test result conducted within 72 hours before arrival. | [Aug 3, 2020] Qatar Airways gradually resumes international flights. |
| Republic of Moldova | 541715 | [Oct 23, 2020] Denies entry to foreigners from “red zone” countries (China is not included), with some exceptions.[Apr 29, 2021] Travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test performed at most 72 hours before boarding. Those without the document must complete the epidemiological file and undergo self-isolation for 14 days. |  |
| Réunion | 440747 | [Dec 28, 2021] Allows entry for travellers who are fully vaccinated or with an essential reason for travel. All travellers are required to present a negative viral test taken within 24 hours before departure. | [Dec 28, 2021] Cruise ships are prohibited from stopping at the Island. |
| Romania | 3115992 | [May 12, 2022] Travellers are not required to present proof of vaccination, PCR test result or to complete a Passenger Locator Form. |  |
| Russia | 18730561 | [Aug 1, 2020] Requires foreign citizens travelling to Russia to provide negative result of COVID-19 test conducted three days before boarding the flight.[Aug 25, 2021] Foreign nationals can apply for single/double entry tourist visas for a period up to 90 days or multiple entry tourist visas for a period up to 180 days. Visa free entry for Hong Kong and Macao SAR passport holders for 14 and 30 days respectively has been resumed.[Nov 28, 2021] Foreign citizens from or who have been to a selected list of places (including Hong Kong) within the last 10 days are not allowed entry. | [Sept 4, 2020] Government allows regular international flights to resume, but only to destinations that have met benchmarks for containing the spread of COVID-19. Limited numbers of flights are available to other locations. Air travel remains erratic and subject to cancellations. |
| Rwanda | 132326 | [Feb 19, 2021] All travellers are required to present a negative PCR test result performed within 72 hours prior to departure, take another test on arrival and stay at a designated transit hotel while waiting for the test result. | [Sept 2, 2020] The Kigali International Airport is open with limited scheduled flights. |
| Samoa | 15405 | [July 1, 2022] Closes borders to all travellers except returning residents and essential workers.[Aug 1, 2022] Opens borders to international travellers. |  |
| Saint Barthélemy | 5138 | [Jan 21, 2022] All visitors from green or or orange or red countries/places (Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macao included) are allowed to enter with proof of full vaccination (BioNTech vaccine accepted) performed at least 2 weeks prior to arrival and present a negative result of COVID-19 antigen or PCR test taken 48 hours of originating flight.  |  |
| Saint Kitts and Nevis | 6470 | [May 29, 2021] Only fully vaccinated travellers are allowed entry.[Apr 1, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are required to submit vaccination certificate. All travellers must submit a negative result of rapid antigen test taken 1 day prior to arrival or a negative result of PCR/NAAT test taken within 3 days of arrival. |  |
| Saint Lucia | 28062 | [Apr 2, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers with vaccination proof are allowed entry, without the need to undergo quarantine or take pre-travel test. Unvaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 5 days prior to arrival. |  |
| Saint Martin | 11667 | [Sept 15, 2020] Requires all travellers originating from a region that is considered as high or moderate risk to take a RT-PCR test within 120 hours prior to departure. Hong Kong is considered as a high-risk region. |  |
| Saint Pierre and Miquelon | 3112 |  |  |
| Saint Vincent and the Grenadines | 9390 | [Jun 13, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are neither required to do pre-arrival COVID-19 test nor undergo quarantine. Unvaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken no more than 72 hours or rapid antigen test taken no more than 24 hours before arrival. They must undergo a 5-day quarantine and be retested between days 3 and 4. |  |
| San Marino | 20042 | [Jun 30, 2021] Travellers are required to present a certificate of vaccination or possession of antibodies, or a certificate of recovery from COVID-19, and a negative result of molecular or antigenic swab test no later than 48 hours before entry. |  |
| São Tomé and Príncipe | 6115 | [Sept 11, 2020] Requires all air passengers to present a negative PCR test taken in the 72 hours prior to their arrival. | [Jul 16, 2020] Reopens its airspace to international flights. |
| Saudi Arabia | 811034 | [Mar 22, 2022] Travellers are not required to show vaccination proof, take a PCR test before departure or undergo quarantine. |  |
| Senegal | 87550 | [Sept 8, 2020] Requires travellers to present an original COVID-19 test certificate showing a negative result. |   |
| Serbia | 2164435 | [May 3, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Seychelles | 45540 | [Mar 31, 2022] Travellers are required to apply for entry through the Health Travel Authorisation platform. Unvaccinated or partially vaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours or rapid antigen test taken within 24 hours prior to departure. Fully vaccinated travellers or those recently recovered from COVID-19 are exempted from pre-arrival test. |  |
| Sierra Leone | 7736 | [Jul 22, 2020] All passengers are required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours prior to departure and to be tested upon arrival. |  |
| Singapore | 1763116 | [Oct 6, 2021] From 2359 hours, prevailing border measures for incoming travellers will be determined based on the travellers’ recent travel history in the last 14 days instead of the existing 21 days.[Nov 1, 2021] All Work Pass and Student’s Pass holders are required to be fully vaccinated before arrival. For those applying for entry via the Familial Ties Lane, priority will be given to those who are fully vaccinated.[Mar 31, 2022] From 2359 hours, all travellers are required to present a negative result of a professionally-administered Antigen-Rapid Test (ART), or PCR Test or aself-administered ART remotely supervised by an ART provider in Singapore taken within 2 days of departure. No isolation requirement for vaccinated travellers. Non-fully vaccinated travellers with exemptions to enter have to undergo a 7-day Stay-Home Notice (SHN) and take a PCR test at the end of the SHN period. Travellers with travel history to Macao and Mainland China holding a valid Air Travel Pass (ATP) can continue to enter Singapore till March 31, 2359 hours. Existing ATPs valid for entry after March 31, 2022 will be rescinded. Foreign short-term visitors holding passports or travel documents issued by visa required countries/regions must apply for an entry visa. They must also purchase travel insurance, with a minimum coverage of S$30,000 for COVID-19-related medical treatment and hospitalisation costs.[Apr 26, 2022] From 0001 hours, all fully vaccinated travellers and non-fully vaccinated children aged 12 and below arriving via air or sea checkpoints will no longer be required to take a pre-departure test. Entry requirements for non-fully vaccinated travellers remain unchanged. All non-fully vaccinated travellers aged 13 and above are required to take a pre-departure test within 2 days before departure for Singapore, undergo a 7-day stay home notice (SHN), and take a PCR test at the end of their SHN period. | [Jun 2, 2020] Travellers will gradually be allowed to transit through Changi Airport. Only passengers travelling with an airline whose transfer route has been approved will be allowed to transit/transfer at Changi Airport, according to the Civil Aviation Authority of Singapore.[Sept 2020] Singapore Airlines operates daily Singapore-Hong Kong flights. |
| Sint Maarten | 10765 | [Jan 1, 2022] All travellers arriving by air are required to apply for health pre-authorisation before boarding. No COVID-19 test is required if travellers are vaccinated with booster shot for at least 2 weeks. Travellers who are fully vaccinated (the completed vaccination date cannot be older than one year), but without a booster shot are required to have a negative result of RT-PCR test taken within 48 hours or antigen test taken within 24 hours. Non-vaccinated travellers are required to have a negative result of RT-PCR test taken within 48 hours. Travellers may be subjected to mandatory testing at their own expense upon arrival. |  |
| Slovakia | 1823364 | [Apr 6, 2022] Residents of Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macau are allowed to enter via its external border. No registration with eHranica or quarantine is required.  |  |
| Slovenia | 1091420 |  |  |
| Solomon Islands | 21544 | [Jul 1, 2022] Fully vaccinated foreign nationals are allowed to enter. They are required to produce a negative result of COVID-19 PCR test taken within 72 hours before arrival and a negative test result of a medically supervised RAT within 12 hours of departure before boarding. |  |
| Somalia | 27020 |  | [Mar 18, 2020] Government bans all flights other than humanitarian flights.[Sept 6, 2020] Qatar Airways resumes three-weekly flights to Mogadishu, Somalia. |
| South Africa | 4004555 | [Mar 22, 2022] International travellers are required to present a valid vaccination certificate at the Port of Entry. Unvaccinated travellers are required to present negative result of COVID-19 test taken within 72 hours before the date of travel. | [Oct 1, 2020] Johannesburg’s OR Tambo, Durban’s King Shaka and Cape Town International Airports reopen for international travel movement. |
| South Sudan | 17780 |  |  |
| Spain | 13266184 | [Jun 24, 2021] Lifts travel restrictions of all travellers from Hong Kong.[Mar 28, 2022] Travellers arriving by air must present an EU Digital COVID Certificate, a digital proof that a person (1) has been vaccinated against COVID-19, or (2) has a negative SARS-CoV2 diagnostic test result, or (3) has recovered from COVID-19. Travellers without the certificate should fill in the Spain Travel Health Control Form. |  |
| Sri Lanka | 666764 | [Apr 20, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are required to present vaccination certificate but are exempted from pre-departure COVID-19 testing. Unvaccinated or not fully vaccinated travellers are required to present a negative result of PCR test conducted within 72 hours or rapid antigen test within 48 hours prior to travel. No on-arrival test is required regardless of travellers’ vaccination status.  |  |
| Sudan | 63128 | [Jan, 2021] All travellers must present a negative COVID‑19 PCR test certificate issued within 72 hours of travel. |   |
| Suriname | 80982 | [Apr 13, 2022] Only flights from certain countries (China not included) are permitted. Fully vaccinated travellers by air are required to show complete vaccination proof or a COVID-19 recovery certificate not older than 6 months. Unvaccinated or not fully vaccinated travellers are required to present negative result of either a PCR test taken within 48 hours or an antigen test taken within 24 hours before departure.  |  |
| Sweden | 2545671 | [Apr 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Switzerland | 3953878 | [May 2, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. |  |
| Syrian Arab Republic | 56519 |  |  |
| Taiwan | 4754268 | [Aug 20, 2021] Students from places outside Taiwan (Hong Kong and Macao students included) are allowed entry. They must take a PCR test upon arrival and undergo a 14-day quarantine, during which they must take COVID-19 tests, followed by a 7-day self-health management. [Mar 7, 2022] (1) Allows entry of non-resident business travellers. Special entry permit is required for those from Mainland China, Hong Kong and Macao.(2) Adjusts quarantine period to 10 days followed by a 7-day self-health management. Travellers are required to take two PCR tests and five at-home rapid tests during quarantine and self-health management period.[Jun 15, 2022] Quarantine period is shortened to 3-day home quarantine, followed by 4-day self-initiated epidemic prevention. Travellers are required to present a negative result of COVID-19 PCR test within 2 days before their flights and undergo a PCR test at the airport on arrival day. Two at-home rapid test kits will be given to travellers aged 2 and older at the airport for use when symptoms occur during quarantine and before they go out for the first time during the self-initiated epidemic prevention period. | [Jun 15, 2022] Resumes transit services. |
| Tajikistan | 17786 |  | [Mar 19, 2020] Government closes all airports. |
| Thailand | 4609406 | [Jul 1, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are required to show vaccination proof. Unvaccinated or not fully vaccinated travellers are required to present negative result of RT-PCR test or professional Antigen Test taken within 72 hours of travel. No quarantine is required.  | [Jul 1, 2021] Direct flights between Phuket and Hong Kong resume. |
| Timor-Leste | 23042 | [Mar 4, 2021] All travellers are subject to sanitary control and undergo a 14-day quarantine at a private health establishment or isolation centre established by Timor-Leste. |  |
| Togo | 38192 |  |  |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 171906 | [Jun 1, 2022] Travellers are not required to present vaccination proof or acquire a T Travel Pass for entry.[Jul 1, 2022] Travellers are not required to present negative PCR or antigen test result for entry. |  |
| Tunisia | 1134660 | [Dec 1, 2021] All travellers are required to present a mandatory vaccination passport or certificate issued by the health authorities of the place of residence and a negative result of RT-PCR test taken within 48 hours before travel. They are subject to rapid test (TDR-Antigen) or an RT-PCR test on arrival. Tunisians or foreigners residing in Tunisia, regardless of vaccination status, are required to undergo self-isolation for 10 days in one of the designated hotels and take the second RT-PCR test during the last 24 hours of the confinement at their own expenses. |  |
| Türkiye | 16295817 | [Jun 1, 2022] No COVID-19 related entry restrictions. | [Jun 11, 2020] All flights are allowed from/to any Turkish aerodromes.[Jun 25, 2020] Turkish Airlines resumes Hong Kong-Istanbul flights. |
| Turks and Caicos Islands | 6328 | [Mar 28, 2022] All travellers aged 18 and over must be fully vaccinated with approved vaccines. Travellers aged under 18 or not able to take a vaccine due to medical reasons with written proof will be exempted. A negative result of PCR or NAA or RNA or antigen tests via nasopharyngeal swab, taken no more than 3 days prior to arrival is required. |  |
| Uganda | 168501 | [Apr 6, 2022] All travellers are required to present negative result of COVID-19 PCR test taken within 72 hours before departure. |  |
| Ukraine | 5026496 | [Mar 24, 2021] All travellers must have a certificate of insurance issued by an insurance company registered in Ukraine, which covers the costs related to the treatment of COVID-19 and is valid for the entire period of stay in Ukraine. Travellers, regardless of age, must also present a negative result of testing for COVID-19 by PCR that was done no more than 72 hours before entering Ukraine’s border. | [Jun 15, 2020] Resumes international scheduled passenger flights. |
| United Arab Emirates | 998714 | [Jun 1, 2020] Allows foreign nationals holding valid residence visa to return to the UAE.[Feb 26, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are required to present a valid COVID-19 vaccination certificate but are not required to present a negative result of RT-PCR test at the airport of departure. Those who are not vaccinated can either present a valid negative result of RT-PCR test conducted within 48 hours before arrival or a recovery certificate issued within 30 days before departure. |  |
| United Kingdom | 22243205 | [4am Mar 18, 2022] Travellers regardless of their vaccination status, are not required to take any COVID-19 tests before travel or upon arrival. They are also not required to fill in a UK passenger locator form before departure or undergo quarantine. | [Apr 21, 2022] British Airways suspends flights to Hong Kong until September.[Jul 22, 2022] Virgin Atlantic suspends flights to and from Hong Kong until March 26, 2023. |
| United Republic of Tanzania | 37865 | [Mar 17, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are required to present a valid vaccination certificate but are exempted from COVID-19 test requirements. Travellers who are unvaccinated, not fully vaccinated or not eligible for vaccination, are required to present a negative result of RT-PCR test or NAAT obtained within 72 hours before departure. They are required to take RT-PCR test if no negative result certificate is presented. |  |
| United States | 91995280 | [Jun 12, 2022] Travellers are required to show proof of full vaccination before boarding. They are not required to show a negative COVID-19 test result or documentation of recovery from COVID-19. | [Apr 2022] United Airline resumes selling tickets for San Francisco-HK non-stop flights from the start of July. |
| Uruguay | 971728 | [Apr 1, 2022] All foreign visitors are required to complete the electronic form within 48 hours prior to boarding. Fully vaccinated travellers or those who recovered from COVID-19 within 90 days prior to arrival with proof, are not required to present a negative test result for COVID-19, but vaccinated travellers have to provide vaccination proof. Unvaccinated foreigners are required to present a negative result of the SARS-CoV-2 virus detection test (by PCR-RT or antigen test), carried out no more than 72 hours before travel. |  |
| Uzbekistan | 243360 | [Dec 25, 2020] Travellers are required to provide a PCR certificate for COVID-19 with a negative result taken no more than 72 hours before departure and to undergo express testing for coronavirus upon arrival at their expense.[Jan 15, 2022] Travellers are required to provide a negative result of PCR test taken no more than 48 hours before arrival. |  |
|  Vanuatu | 11731 | [Jul 1, 2022] Travellers aged two and above are required to present negative result of PCR test taken 24 to 72 hours or supervised certified RAT taken within 24 hours before departure or positive COVID-19 RAT or PCR test at least 8 days but no more than 2 months before the date of departure. No quarantine or testing upon arrival is required. |  |
| Venezuela | 537177 |  |  |
| Vietnam | 11347518 | [Mar 17, 2022] Opens border for international tourists who are fully vaccinated or recovered from COVID-19. Foreign arrivals by air are required to take a RT-PCR or RT-LAMP COVID-19 test within 72 hours or a rapid test within 24 hours before entering Vietnam. No post-arrival test and quarantine are required. They have to fill in an online health declaration form before departure and download the PC-COVID app, and self-monitor their health for 10 days after arrival. | [Feb 15, 2022] Lifts restrictions on all incoming international flights. |
| Wallis and Futuna | 761 |  |  |
| Yemen | 11895 |  | [Mar 18, 2020] Government suspends all flights to and from airports under its control. |
| Zambia  | 329483 | [Mar 28, 2022] Fully vaccinated travellers are not required to present any form of COVID-19 test result but have to provide vaccination proof. Not fully vaccinated travellers are required to present negative result of PCR test conducted within 72 hours prior to departure. Re-testing at own cost will be applied for travellers who do not meet the above stipulation. | [Jul 2020] Government reopens international airports. |
| Zimbabwe | 256487 | [Apr 1, 2022] Travellers are not required to present a negative PCR test result on arrival if they can present certificate of fully vaccination with any of the WHO-approved vaccines. Not fully vaccinated travellers are required to present negative result of PCR test within 48 hours of boarding, they are also required to present a negative result of PCR test taken within 72 hours on departure.  |  |

**IV. Travel Restrictions Imposed by Cruise Lines**

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| **Cruise Line** | **Restriction** |
| Cruise Lines International Association (CLIA) global cruise lines: AIDA Cruises, American Cruise Lines, Azamara, Carnival Cruise Line, Celebrity Cruises, Celestyal Cruises, Costa Cruises, Disney Cruise Line, Holland America Line, MSC Cruises, Mystic Cruises, Norwegian Cruise Line, Oceania Cruises, Pearl Seas Cruises, PONANT Yacht Cruises and Expeditions, P&O Cruises UK, Princess Cruises, Regent Seven Seas Cruises, Royal Caribbean International, Scenic Luxury Cruises and Tours, Seabourn, SeaDream Yacht Club, Silversea Cruises, TUI Cruises, Virgin Voyages, Windstar CruisesFor member updates: <https://cruising.org/en/cruise-lines> | [Jul 18, 2022] Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends people to make sure they are up to date with their COVID-19 vaccine and to check the cruise line’s testing or vaccination protocols before travel. People who decide to go on a cruise should get a COVID-19 viral test as close to time of cruise departure and 3-5 days after their trip, regardless of vaccination status. CDC’s COVID-19 Program for Cruise Ships is no longer in effect. For details:<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/travelers/cruise-travel-during-covid19.html?CDC_AA_refVal=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cdc.gov%2Fcoronavirus%2F2019-ncov%2Ftravelers%2Freturning-cruise-voyages.html> |

**V. WHO advice for international traffic in relation to the SARS-CoV-2 Omicron variant (B.1.1.529)**

[Nov 30, 2021] While scientific research is underway to understand how the Omicron variant behaves, WHO advises:

* Countries should continue to apply an evidence-informed and risk-based approach when implementing travel measures in accordance with the IHR, including the latest Temporary Recommendations issued by the WHO Director-General on 26 October 2021 following the 9th Emergency Committee for COVID-19 and as recommended in the documents WHO policy and technical considerations for implementing a risk-based approach to international travel in the context of COVID-19 issued in July 2021.
* National authorities in countries of departure, transit and arrival may apply a multi-layered risk mitigation approach to potentially delay and/or reduce the exportation or importation of the new variant. Such measures may include screening of passengers prior to travelling and/or upon arrival, including via the use of SARS-CoV-2 testing or the application of quarantine to international travellers.
* Blanket travel bans will not prevent the international spread, and they place a heavy burden on lives and livelihoods. In addition, they can adversely impact global health efforts during a pandemic by disincentivizing countries to report and share epidemiological and sequencing data. All countries should ensure that the measures are regularly reviewed and updated when new evidence becomes available on the epidemiological and clinical characteristics of Omicron or any other VOC.
* Any travel-related risk mitigation measures should be part of an overall national response strategy.
* Since the beginning of the SARS-CoV-2 outbreak, WHO has been monitoring the international travel measures implemented by countries and sharing this information with National IHR Focal Points via the Event Information Site (EIS). As of 28 November 2021, 56 countries were reportedly implementing travel measures aimed at potentially delaying the importation of the new variant. Countries should continue sharing their public health rationale and relevant scientific information for additional health measures with WHO under the provisions of Article 43 of the IHR (2005).
* Essential international travel –including travel for emergency and humanitarian missions, travel of essential personnel, repatriations and cargo transport of essential supplies–should continue to be prioritized at all times during the COVID-19 pandemic.

For full version of WHO’s advice, please visit <https://www.who.int/news-room/articles-detail/who-advice-for-international-traffic-in-relation-to-the-sars-cov-2-omicron-variant>

***\*The above is for internal reference only. It is compiled based on media reports and Internet search, and is not exhaustive.\****

**Overseas Public Relations Sub-division**

**Information Services Department**

**August 2022**